The Library of Congress and GeoMAPP: A Geospatial Multistate Archive and Preservation



Partnership

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Library of Congress National Digital Information Infrastructure and Preservation Program (NDIIPP)



- National Digital Collection
- Partnerships: Government, Industry, Academia
- Technical Infrastructure
- Sustainability
- Public Policy

DIGITAL CONTENT TYPES MANAGED BY THE LIBRARY



E-JOURNALS

- ightarrow Scholarly electronic journals
- → Small-circulation on-line journals

GEOSPATIAL

- → At-risk state, regional, and local Gov't data(e.g., Infrastructure maps, Jurisdictional boundaries)
- → Aerial and satellite imagery
- → Atlantic and Pacific coastal imagery

SOCIAL SCIENCE DATASETS

- → Regional and national polling data
- → Social and economic surveys
- Outpout of government-funded research (e.g., NSF, NIH)
- → Surveys of international opinion (e.g., USIA datasets 1952-1999)

STATE LEGISLATION & AGENCIES

→ Laws, bills, proceedings, committee reports

- ightarrow Rule-making and regulatory documentation
- ightarrow Judicial decision, opinions, reports, & rules

WEB SITES & BLOGS

- → International political movements
- → Elections, Congressional Confirmations, Legal blogs
- → Politics & social movements in the Western US
- → Hurricane Katrina aftermath

VIDEO

- → Foreign news programming (SCOLA)
- \rightarrow U.S. television news
- → Public television (e.g., Frontline, Nature)

BORN DIGITAL CONTENT

North Carolina Geospatial Digital Archiving Project (NCGDAP): 2003

Lead Partner: North Carolina State University Libraries **Additional Partner:** North Carolina Center for Geographic Information and Analysis

Objectives:

Intrastate Partnerships
Identify and acquire at-risk geospatial data



State-Level Preservation and Access Challenges



- Capability
- Authority
- Funding and Staffing

NDIIPP Work with State and Local Governments

- Workshops
- Reports
- Requests for
 Interest
- Funding



Preserving State Government Information Initiative: 2008

- AZ State Library, Archives and Public Records
 - FL, NY, SC, WI
- MN Historical Society
 - CA, IL, KS, MS, TN, VT
- NC Center for Geographic Information and Analysis/NC Office of Archives and History
 - KY, UT
- WA State Archives
 - AK, CA, CO, ID, IN, LA, MT, OR



States Initiative Desired Outcomes



- Acquire and provide access to digital content
- Model best practices
- Catalyze collaboration
- Demonstrate concrete results
- Share lessons learned

Geospatial Multistate Archive and Preservation Project (GeoMAPP)

Lead Partner: North Carolina Center for Geographic Information and Analysis States: NC, KY, UT

Objectives:

- Interstate Partnerships
- Implement a geographically dispersed content-exchange network
- Explore Data Replication
 Among Several States



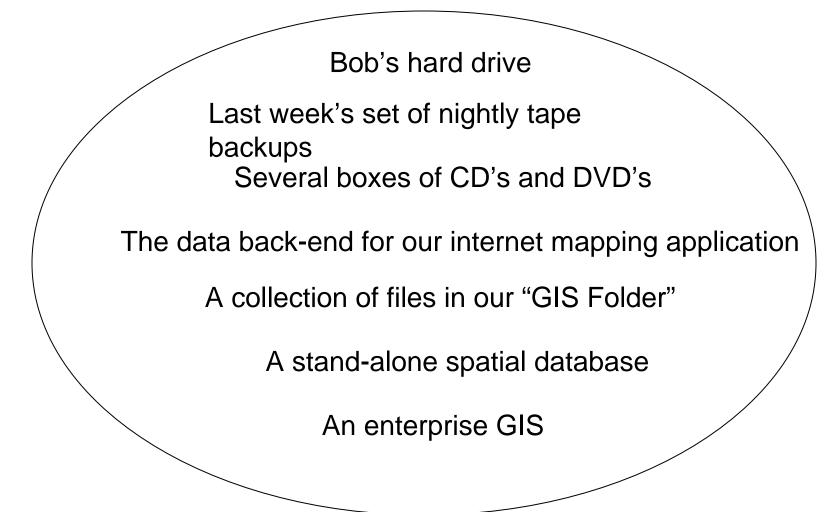
GeoMAPP Digital Preservation and Enhanced Access Business Plan



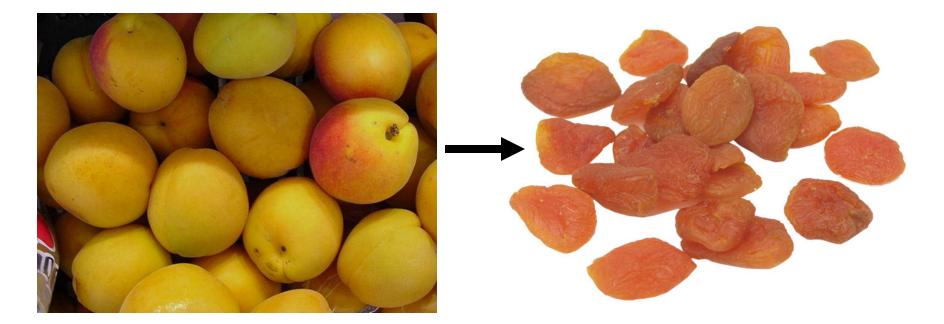
Objectives:

- •Make the business case to legislators and funders about the need to preserve digital geospatial information
- •Prepare a plan to implement that business case
- •Develop a template for use by other states
- •Built on existing work, such as state strategic plans and the NSGIC Business Plan Templates

How Would You Describe Your Current Geospatial Archive?



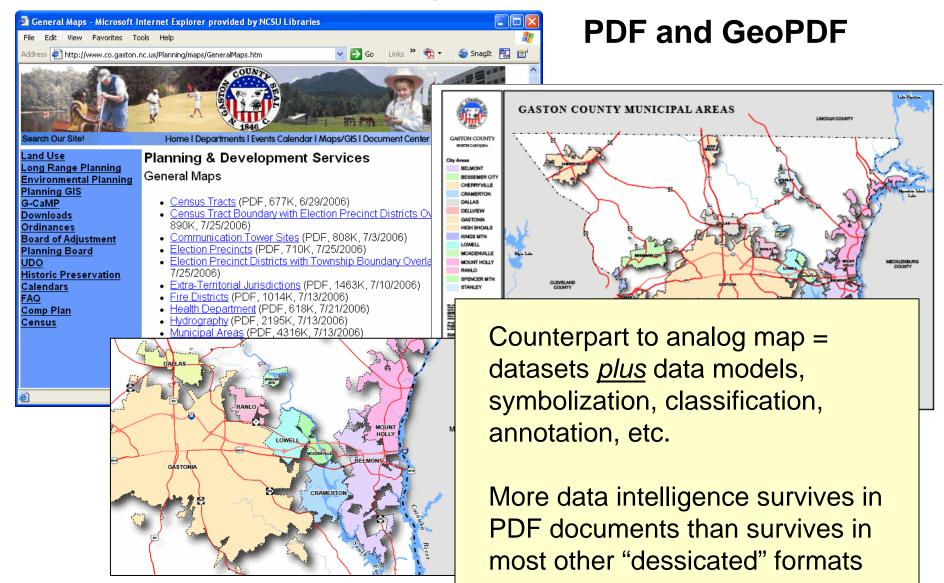
Preservation Approaches: Original Data vs. "Designated" Data



Complex data representations can be made more preservable (and less useful) through simplification

Changes in the Domain:

Geospatial PDF



Problem: Temporal Data Unavailability

- Industry focus on "latest and greatest" data
- "Kill and fill" as a common approach to data management (past versions of vector data lost)
- Not just data loss, also: Loss of memory about data
- Some older inventories only available through Internet Archive

Value in Older Data: Solving Business Problems Land use change analysis Site location analysis Real estate trends analysis Disaster response Resolution of legal challenges Impervious surface maps



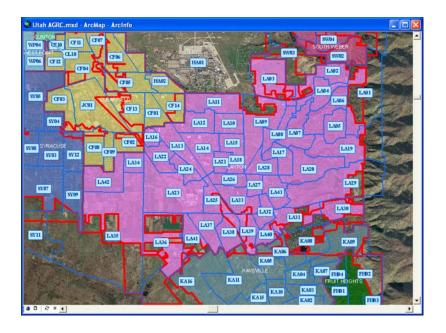
Suburban Development 1993/2002 Near Mecklenburg County-Cabarrus County NC border

Technical Challenges with Geospatial Data

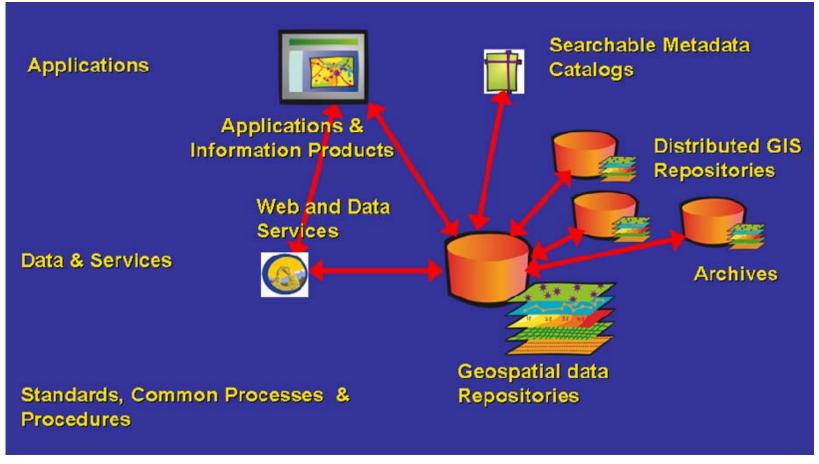
- Complex vector formats: multi-file, multi-format
 - No non-commercial, well-supported format
- Shift to web services-based access
 - Data ephemeral, how to record decisions?
- Often: Inadequate or nonexistent metadata
 - Impedes discovery and use
- Increasing use of spatial databases for data management
 - The whole is greater than the sum of the parts but the whole is very hard to preserve
- Content packaging
 - No geospatial industry standard

State of Utah

- Governance of the Utah Geospatial Infrastructure
 - Department of Technology Services / State CIO
 - Automated Geographic Reference Center
 - Utah GIS Advisory Committee
 - Supported by dozens of "responsible" partners
- State Geographic Information Database (SGID):
 - Centralized shared database (350 data themes)
 - Internet portal viewer (GIS.UTAH.GOV)
 - Web Services and applications (MAPSERV.UTAH.GOV)



State of Utah



Components of a State's Spatial Data Infrastructure (SDI)

Appraisal

- Making sense of Archivists
- What do we do? How do we do it?
- How does digital content alter what we do?
 - Digitized content
 - Born Digital
- Traditional work versus work in the digital age
 - Get it near the beginning. Get it now
- Do we keep everything?
 - House appraisals
 - Legal, fiscal, historical, evidential values

Speaking the same language

- GIS practitioners organize their own data—GeoOne Stop, National Inventory powered by Ramona, ISO
- Example: Trails
 - Tourism?
 - Parks and Recreation?
 - Natural Resources?
 - Transportation?
- Translating GIS speak to Archives speak
 - Determining layers
 - What to keep?

• Archivist and GISers...

Different Perspectives but not different

- GIS....locomotive breath.....faster newer...etc
- Archives.. Hey what about the stuff you're throwing out?
- WHAT
- Ironically....GISists often talk about change detection
- Similar....in the response to questions about other's data..

Inventory Process

- Deciding series boundaries: individual layers vs. layer groups
- Structuring retention schedules with growth in mind
- Relationships between state and local government retention schedules
- Naming conventions: ISO vs. local

Retention Schedules

SCHEDULE 1 AUTOMATED GEOGRAPHIC REFERENCE Geospatial Data Sets

1-17. UTILITIES AND COMMUNICATION RECORDS

These geospatial records pertain to utility routes and distribution facilities located in Utah. These include coal seams, mine locations, oil and gas well locations, oil, gas, and water pipelines, telephone service areas, water distribution facilities, electrical lines, and communication towers.

RETENTION:

Permanent. Retain by State Archives.

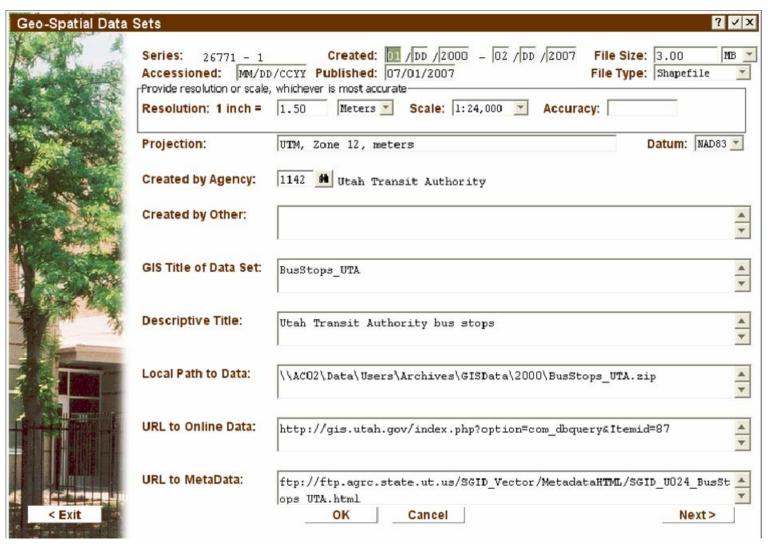
PRIMARY CLASSIFICATION

Public.

Creating Finding Aids

- Finding aids help end-users gain access to data
- Produced by database from retention schedule
- Repurposing metadata: details included in finding aid
- Searching issues (GOS, Ramona, other)

Geospatial Data Sets



Discussion/Questions

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