Preserving State Government Digital Information Minnesota Historical Society

Comparison Chart of State Use of XML Bill Drafting Systems

The following chart and summary was created in response to the question of how many states are currently using an XML bill drafting system.

Information about the details of the specific systems is hard to locate, and the chart below should not be taken as authoritative nor comprehensive. Information was found by reviewing news articles and resources such as conference proceedings of the National Association of Legislative Information Technology (NALIT), as well as through online search tools. More information may be gathered by contacting the individuals in charge of the bill drafting systems as listed in the document compiled by Pam Greenberg at the National Conference of State Legislators (NCSL).¹ Special thanks is given to Devan Shepard, CEO/CTO of XMaLpha, for providing details on services provided by XMaLpha to individual states.

Any corrections or modifications can be sent to the team, care of:

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Minnesota Historical Society / State Archives Comparison Chart of State Use of XML Page 1 of 20 Version 1.0 (February 2009)

¹ Greenberg, Pam. *States with XML-Based Legislative Systems*. National Conference of State Legislators Denver Office. October 2005 with partial updates in 2006, 2007, and 2008.

To summarize the information collected in the chart below, twenty states are currently using XML in some manner in their bill drafting or legislative processes. Many of the states have partnered with XMaLpha Technologies, Arbortext, or Propylon to fulfill their needs. In many cases these three companies work together assisting their government clients. "XMaLpha Technologies provides XML solutions, analysis, design, education, integration, quality assurance, and implementation of Legislative Solutions, Web Services, and Enterprise XML applications"² including XMaLpha Legislative Solutions, XMaLpha's primary practice group, which is exclusively focused on the delivery of solutions to State Legislatures. XMaLpha Technologies partners with States to analyze requirements, design solutions, develop, select, implement, train, and provide quality assurance for bill drafting, chamber automation, and related legislative solutions. "Arbortext is a content publishing system that streamlines and automates your information publishing process and eliminates costly inefficiencies [by using XML]."³ "Propylon is a leading global vendor of legislative software; [whose] products provide bill drafting, chamber process management, collaboration, workflow improvement and publishing to legislative bodies and regulatory agencies."⁴

The following partnerships have been created between vendors and the states listed below:

XMaLpha: Legislative Solution Clients include Idaho, Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Nebraska, and Oregon. XMaLpha also has partnerships and training/consulting relationships with the states of California, Florida, Georgia, New York, and Texas.

Arbortext: Alabama?⁵, Florida, Maine, Nebraska, North Dakota⁶, Oklahoma?⁷, and Texas.

(http://www.nd.gov/epm/oversight/doc/proj-startup/leg-phase2-startup.pdf)In November 2008, reports came out that the project was unsuccessful due to
irresolvable differences between the state and contracted company.(http://www.bismarcktribune.com/articles/2008/10/07/news/state/166212.txt)Minnesota Historical Society / State ArchivesPage 2 of 20Comparison Chart of State Use of XMLVersion 1.0 (February 2009)

² <u>http://xmalpha.com/</u>

³ Arbortext was acquired by PTC (Parametric Technology Corporation) in 2005. <u>http://www.ptc.com/products/arbortext/</u>

⁴ <u>http://www.propylon.com/</u>

⁵ In 2006 Alabama was using Arbortext, but Alabama is not currently listed on Arbortext's website as a client. It is unknown if Alabama is still using Arbortext. ⁶ North Dakota planned on replacing the state's legislative applications including the bill drafting system in June 2007.

Propylon: Kansas, Oregon, and Pennsylvania.

State	XML Product	Source and Date	Notes
Alabama	Arbortext	http://www.fcw.com/online/news/95524-1.html [2006] (Link worked December 2008, broken January 2009.)	An article in Federal Computer Weekly referenced that Alabama and Arbortext were working together in 2006. As of December 2008, Alabama is not listed on the Arbortext website as being a client of theirs.
Alaska	no data		
Arizona		http://www.ncsl.org/programs/lis/NALIT/statedemo00.ht m#az-webtrack [2000]	Not part of the bill drafting system, but Arizona uses a web-based bill-tracking system that allows anyone to track bills

⁷ In 2006 Oklahoma was using Arbortext, but Oklahoma is not currently listed on Arbortext's website as a client. It is unknown if Oklahoma is still using Arbortext.

Minnesota Historical Society / State Archives Comparison Chart of State Use of XML Page 3 of 20 Version 1.0 (February 2009)

			in the legislature. It is called the ALIS Tracker program and can be found at www.azleg.state.az.us. It is unknown if the technology behind the program is XML based.
Arkansas	no data		
California	XMaLpha	http://xmalpha.com/clients.htm [2001 - 2009]	XMaLpha Technologies has provided XML, Java, .NET, requirements gathering training, and general consulting to a variety of agencies in the State of California. XML Training has also been provided to several municipal agencies by XMaLpha.
	XML Bill Drafting System	http://www.ncsl.org/slides/nalit/XMLinCA_jpg_files/fra me.htm [2004]	The Legislative Council of California gave a presentation at NALIT in 2004 that discussed their bill drafting system and the process they went through to change it, highlighting the

Page 4 of 20 Version 1.0 (February 2009)

			improvements in business practices.
Colorado	no data		
Connecticut		http://www.theopenhouseproject.com/the-open-house- project-report/3-legislation-database/ [2007]	Connecticut publishes its legislative data in a structured data format. (Details are not provided, but XML is discussed in the article.)
Delaware	no data		
Florida	Arbortext	NCSL document: States with XML Based Legislative Systems. See footnote #7. [no date]	Florida Senate
	Leagis	http://www.openxmlcommunity.org/documents/casestudi es/Florida_House_of_Rep_OpenXML.pdf [2006]	Florida House of Representatives is using Leagis and Microsoft Word 2007 XML products together.

Page 5 of 20 Version 1.0 (February 2009)

	XMaLpha	http://xmalpha.com/clients.htm [2005, 2006]	The Florida House of Representatives is listed as a client of XMaLpha. XMaLpha provided general XML consulting, and an overview of XML Legislative options, as part of a solutions review project with the House. XMaLpha has provided training to other agencies in the state.
Georgia	XMaLpha	http://xmalpha.com/clients.htm [2003]	XMaLpha Technologies has provided XML training, Java training, and consulting to a variety of agencies throughout the State of Georgia.
Hawaii	no data		
Idaho	XMaLpha	http://xmalpha.com/clients.htm [2004 - 2005]	Idaho is listed as a Legislative Solutions [™] client of XMaLpha. XMaLpha assisted with the development of the Legislative

Page 6 of 20 Version 1.0 (February 2009)

			prototype system in Idaho. This system was a "proof-of-concept" designed to validate the use of XML to encode legislative bills. A suite of complex bills with known rendering and publication challenges was used to test the successful prototype. This lead to further in-house development by the Idaho team.
	GEMS	http://www.ncsl.org/print/nalit/5min-ID.pdf [2007] and NCSL document: <i>States with XML Based Legislative</i> <i>Systems</i> . See footnote #7. [no date]	The GEMS Application is a customized Java front end product that includes XML, Arbortext, bill tracking and drafting, web updates, and GEMS functions and technology. Specific information was not found on GEMS itself. [It is unknown what GEMS stands for, if anything.]
Illinois	XML editor and XMetaL; Microsoft	http://www.ncsl.org/print/nalit/summer04.pdf (pg 4) [2004] and	Corel XMetaL 3 is used for the XML document markup. Applications include bill drafting, tracking, daily calendars, and web updates.
Minnesota Histo	prical Society / State A	rchives	Page 7 of 20

Comparison Chart of State Use of XML

Page 7 of 20 Version 1.0 (February 2009)

	Word	http://www.ncsl.org/slides/nalit/ILXMLWhy_jpg_jpg_fil es/frame.htm [2006]	Appropriations are drafted using XML in Microsoft Word 2003 due to conflicts with XMetaL software. Goals in 2006 were to create a digital calendar and XML files for the voting system. (XMetaL is an XML-based authoring and content collaboration software)
Indiana	no data		
Iowa	XMaLpha	http://xmalpha.com/clients.htm [2006]	Iowa is listed as a Legislative Solutions [™] client of XMaLpha. XMaLpha provided consulting and programming personnel to the Legislature during an initial stage of requirements gathering and development of an XML administrative code application.
	Administrative Code in XML	NCSL document: <i>States with XML Based Legislative</i> <i>Systems</i> . See footnote #7. [2008]	Administrative code is in XML. In 2008 starting to look at XML bill

Page 8 of 20 Version 1.0 (February 2009)

			drafting applications.
Kansas	XMaLpha	http://xmalpha.com/clients.htm [2005]	 Kansas is listed as a Legislative Solutions[™] client of XMaLpha. XMaLpha developed the requirements for the legislative law making, chamber automation, and legislative research applications. XMaLpha also conducted a software vendor evaluation for the Kansas Legislature in support of the KLISS.
	Propylon	http://www.propylon.com/clients [2007]	Used in 2006 to assist with long-term strategic technology plan and in 2007 to design and implement Legislative Workbench.
	KLISS	NCSL document: <i>States with XML Based Legislative</i> <i>Systems</i> . See footnote #7. [pre 2008]	Information and summary from the NCSL document. KLISS is the Kansas Legislative Information Services System. Uses open source technology to integrate 15 applications including bill drafting. Selected to use Propylon,

Page 9 of 20 Version 1.0 (February 2009)

			completed a gap analysis, designing a product, and will soon test and implement program.
Kentucky	no data		
Louisiana	no data		
Maine	XML text editor and Microsoft Word 2003	http://www.ncsl.org/programs/lis/NALIT/WinterSpring0 7.htm [2007]	Under Planning for Vista and Office 2007 it reads "the Maine Bill Drafting application converts from an XML text editor to Microsoft Word 2003 documents".
	Arbortext	NCSL document: <i>States with XML Based Legislative</i> <i>Systems</i> . See footnote #7. [2007]	Arbortext is listed in the NCSL document: <i>States with XML Based</i> <i>Legislative Systems</i> .

Page 10 of 20 Version 1.0 (February 2009)

Maryland	XML and Microsoft Word	http://www.ncsl.org/programs/lis/NALIT/summer07.htm #Maryland [2007] and http://www.ncsl.org/slides/nalit/MDXMLWhy_jpg_jpg_ files/frame.htm [2006]	The bill drafting system in Maryland "uses XML for all phases of the bill draft except the actual document which is kept in Microsoft Word format. That is, we convert the existing statute (XML database) to Microsoft Word and allow the drafters to operate in a strictly word processor-based environment." Maryland had previously used a strictly XML-based system which was not adequate for their purposes.
Massachusetts	no data		
Michigan	XML	NCSL document: <i>States with XML Based Legislative</i> <i>Systems</i> . See footnote #7. [2005] and http://www.xml.com/pub/a/2001/05/09/legalxml.html [2001]	"In January 2005 the Michigan Legislative Service Bureau implemented an in-house bill drafting / statutes compilation project involving XML. It was a two year project and was well-received. It's a web-based system that opens in a browser for

Page 11 of 20 Version 1.0 (February 2009)

			drafting, status, statute search, and statute updates. They've put the Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) into an XML database and have a custom search engine built against that database. This is the only part that's currently using XML. For bill drafting, the drafters use Microsoft Word. They search the MCL, and then import the relevant section into Microsoft Word. They use Microsoft Word to complete the formatting of the bill draft. Now that Microsoft has announced that the next release of Microsoft Word will support XML, they will look at further development."
Minnesota	XTEND	http://www.ncsl.org/print/nalit/XMLinMN.pdf [2004]	XTEND is the XML Text Editor New Development project that uses XML as a common language between different types of documents providing flexibility with the data produced.

Page 12 of 20 Version 1.0 (February 2009)

	XMaLpha	http://xmalpha.com/clients.htm [2003]	Minnesota is listed as a Legislative Solutions [™] client of XMaLpha. XMaLpha partnered with the State of Minnesota, providing, design, schema development, programming, consulting services, and personnel during the development of the XTEND product.
Mississippi	none		Mississippi is not using XML in their bill drafting system; they are however using XML on some static pages. ⁸
Missouri	no data		
Montana	no data		

⁸ Rob Patterson, Director of Data Processing. Mississippi Legislative Budget Office. Basecamp correspondence January 26, 2009.

Page 13 of 20 Version 1.0 (February 2009)

Nebraska	XMaLpha	http://xmalpha.com/clients.htm [2008]	Nebraska is listed as a Legislative Solutions [™] client of XMaLpha. XMaLpha provides consulting support to the Nebraska Legislature, including the enhancement of legislative print composition, PDF generation from XML files, and other publishing.
	Arbortext	NCSL document: <i>States with XML Based Legislative</i> <i>Systems</i> . See footnote #7. [2008]	
Nevada	no data		
New Hampshire	no data		
Nevada	no data		
New Jersey	no data		

Page 14 of 20 Version 1.0 (February 2009)

New Mexico	no data		
New York	XMaLpha	http://xmalpha.com/clients.htm [2003-2009]	XMaLpha Technologies has provided XML, Java, .NET, requirements gathering, and business information technologies training and consulting to a variety of agencies in the State of New York.
North Carolina	no data		
North Dakota	Arbortext	http://www.nd.gov/epm/oversight/doc/proj-startup/leg- phase2-startup.pdf [pre 2007] and http://www.bismarcktribune.com/articles/2008/10/07/ne	North Dakota planned on replacing the state's legislative applications, including the bill drafting system, in June 2007. In November 2008, reports came out that the project was
		ws/state/166212.txt [2008]	unsuccessful due to irresolvable differences between the state and

Page 15 of 20 Version 1.0 (February 2009)

			contracted company. [Reports refer to the contracted company as Arbortext and their parent company PTC – Parametric Technology Corporation.]
	XML	http://www.ncsl.org/print/nalit/5min-ND.pdf [2007]	Developing an XML authoring and publishing environment.
Ohio	XML	http://www.ncsl.org/programs/lis/nalit/statedemo00.htm# OH [2000]	Documents are created by using well- defined XML tag structures. Style sheets manipulate the data and display the data in multiple ways for various uses.
Oklahoma	Arbortext	http://fcw.com/online/news/95524-1.html [2006] (Link worked December 2008, broken January 2009.)	This article listed Oklahoma as a client of Arbortext; however, Arbortext does not list Oklahoma on its list of clients.
Oregon	XMaLpha and	http://xmalpha.com/PDF/XMaLpha_OR_Press_Release.	Oregon is listed as a Legislative Solutions [™] client of XMaLpha. More

Page 16 of 20 Version 1.0 (February 2009)

	Propylon	pdf [no date]; and http://xmalpha.com/clients.htm [2005]; and http://www.propylon.com/clients [2006]	details are provided in the press release including how XMaLpha has assisted with designing a new bill drafting system. XMaLpha developed the requirements for the bill drafting application. XMaLpha Technologies now provides Quality Assurance and support to the internal project management office for the system being developed by Propylon.
Pennsylvania	Propylon	http://www.propylon.com/clients [no date]	The Pennsylvania General Assembly is listed as a client of Propylon, which is working on implementing the Legislative Workbench bill drafting software in Pennsylvania.
Rhode Island	no data on bill drafting systems		XML is not being used in bill drafting, however REX: Rhode Island e- Government Exchange program is using XML as a data sharing technique.

Page 17 of 20 Version 1.0 (February 2009)

			http://www.ri.gov/rex/
South Carolina	no data		
	no data		
Tennessee	no data		
Toyog	XMaI pha	http://www.http.com/aliants.htm [2003_2000]	YMaI pho Tachnologias has provided
Texas	XMaLpha	http://xmalpha.com/clients.htm [2003 - 2009]	XMaLpha Technologies has provided training in XML, Java, .NET, and a number of other technologies, as well as consulting to a variety of agencies in the State of Texas. Training has also been provided to several municipal agencies in Texas.
	SALSA; including Epic Editor from Arbortext	http://www.ncsl.org/programs/lis/cip/sullivan.pdf [2002]	The Texas Legislative Council uses the SALSA system. [It is unknown what SALSA stands for, if anything.] The PDF explains the system architecture which is based on three components – client, middle tier and database. XML

Page 18 of 20 Version 1.0 (February 2009)

			is used and manipulated within the system. SALSA uses Epic Editor which is from Arbortext.
Utah	no data		
Vermont	no data		
Virginia		http://www.theopenhouseproject.com/the-open-house- project-report/3-legislation-database/ [2007]	Virginia publishes it legislative data in a structured data format. (Details are not provided, but XML is discussed in the article.)
Washington	XML	http://www.ncsl.org/programs/lis/nalit/Summer06.htm# Washington [2006]	In an article on their new bill drafting system it is stated that documents and the document process would be moving from Word Perfect to XML files.

Page 19 of 20 Version 1.0 (February 2009)

West Virginia	no data		
Wisconsin	no data		
Wyoming	no data		
US Senate and US House of Representatives	XML	http://www.theopenhouseproject.com/the-open-house- project-report/3-legislation-database/ [2007] and http://xml.house.gov/drafting.htm [no date]	"House and Senate have been drafting legislation using XML for the last several years, a use of structured data that has improved the internal bill drafting work flow."

Page 20 of 20 Version 1.0 (February 2009)