Scaling Full-text Search

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HathiTrust project profile

- Launched October 2008
- 48 member institutions and growing
- primarily Google-scanned materials but also other sources (e.g. Internet Archive, and increasingly content digitized by partners themselves)
- 9.6 million volumes, 350 pages average
- 430 terabytes in two US instances
Full-text search overview

Determine, through experimentation, the optimal...
• ...number and size of index “shards”.
• ...amount of server memory for IO cache and JVM.
Evaluate whether rotational media can provide, given the above, ...
• ...acceptable query throughput.
• ...a manageable update process, assuming continuous availability at two sites.
Query response on rotational media

- Orange line: ms (4GB/shard)
- Red line: ms (8GB/shard)
Cache is king!

More memory improves response time linearly with index size, so...

• ...choose a shard size that provides acceptable response time, and divide up the index evenly.

• ...buy as much memory as possible!

Current configuration: 5TB index, 10 shards, ~3 shards and 72GB RAM per server.
Snapshots make daily releases a snap

- Index new materials throughout the day.
- When queue is empty, optimize, check, and quiesce.
- 3am: take snapshot of index and begin synchronizing from Michigan to Indiana.
- 6am: check that synchronization is complete – it should be - and release simultaneously in both sites or calmly notify staff.
- Rinse and repeat.
Boosting performance with SSD

Given that...

• ...99th percentile of query response is > 1 second,
• ...rotational media has nothing more to give, and
• ...some parts of the index are repeatedly read,

we are looking into a DRAM- or SSD-based NFS cache as potentially the simplest way to reduce response time of edge cases without perverting our simple and elegant indexing and release workflow.
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http://www.hathitrust.org/large_scale_search